





# INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

<b>Class: VI</b>	<b>Department: Social Science</b>	<b>Sub: History</b>
<b>Worksheet No: 7</b>	<b>Topic: In the Earliest Cities</b>	<b>Year:2022-23</b>

<b>I</b>	<b>Fill in the blanks: -</b>
1	Most of the Harappan seals are made of _____. <b>Stone</b>
2	An alloy of tin and _____ is called bronze. <b>Copper</b>
3	Spindle whorls were used to _____. <b>Spin thread</b>
4	The Harappans got copper from the state of _____ in modern India. <b>Rajasthan</b>
5	The scribes were the people who knew the art of _____. <b>Writing</b>
<b>II</b>	<b>Match the following: -</b>
	A 1.The Great Bath 2. Fire Altars 3.Cotton 4.An important center for making objects out of shell, stone and metal 5.City divided into 3 parts
	B a. Dholavira b. Mehrgarh c. Mohenjodaro d. Kalibangan e. Lothal
	<b>Answers: - 1(c), 2(d), 3(b), 4(e), 5(a)</b>
<b>III</b>	<b>State True or False: -</b>
6	Spindle whorls were used to spin thread - <b>True</b>
7	Scribes were people who knew how to prepare seal – <b>False</b>
8	The city of Lothal was situated beside a river which was a tributary of Sabarmati - <b>True</b>
<b>IV</b>	<b>Answer in brief: -</b>
9	Describe the lives of the people on the Harappan cities. <b>There were three basic occupations of people living in Harappan cities.</b>  <b>(i)They planned the construction of special buildings in the city. They probably sent people to distant lands to get raw material. They kept the most valuable objects for themselves.</b> <b>(ii)Scribes were people who knew how to write. They prepared the seals.</b> <b>(iii) Crafts-persons. People who made all kinds of things were called Crafts- persons.</b> <b>Besides these three categories, there were the farmers and herders who lived outside the city and provided food to the people.</b>
10	Where did the Harappan people get the raw materials? <b>(i) The Harappans got the raw materials from various places. They got copper probably from present-day Rajasthan, and also from Oman.</b> <b>(ii)Tin was brought from Afghanistan and Iran. Gold was brought may be from Karnataka.</b> <b>(iii) Precious stones were brought from Gujarat, Iran and Afghanistan.</b>

V	Identify the image given below: -	
11	<p>a) <b>The Great Bath</b>  b) Altar  c) Well  d) Street in Mohenjodaro</p>	
12	<p>a) Seal  b) Stone  c) <b>Toy Plough</b>  d) Wood</p>	
13	<p>a) <b>Terracotta toys</b>  b) Toy plough  c) Wood  d) Horses</p>	